## M.Sc. Programme in Genomics and Bioinformatics (Full-time and Part-time)

School of Biomedical Sciences, Faculty of Medicine, CUHK

<For reference only>

## **GNBF5010 Introduction to Programming**

### **Course description**

This course introduces computer programming to students with no previous programming experience. Students learn the fundamentals of python programming and learn how to design, implement, test, debug, and document programs. They also learn how to solve problems using object-oriented programming methodology. Most of the examples and assignments will be related to biological questions in genomics and bioinformatics.

#### **Learning outcomes**

After finishing this course, students should be able to

- a. Master key programming concepts such data types, variables, conditions, loops and functions.
- b. Understand fundamental concepts in object-oriented programming and pattern matching.
- c. Solve small to medium size programming tasks that arise in bioinformatics.
- d. Write well-structured and maintainable programs in Python.

#### **Topics**

The topics include Introduction to computation and programming; Flow controls: conditional and iteration; Python functions; Files I/O; Lists, tuples and strings; Dictionaries and sets; Program design; algorithm complexity; recursion; Introduction to object-oriented programming; classes and inheritance; Program development with classes; Python packages; Biopython; Regular expressions; Working with databases in Python; UI and Web development in Python.

### **Assessment scheme**

The assessment scheme includes project (15%), assignments (20%), midterm examination (25%) and final examination (40%).

## **GNBF5020 Introduction to Molecular Biology and Genetics**

### **Course description**

This course introduces students to the molecular mechanisms responsible for the transmission, expression and regulation of genetic information in prokaryotic and eukaryotic organisms. Students will also learn the basic concepts of genetics including population genetics, developmental genetics and evolutionary genetics.

## **Learning outcomes**

After finishing this course, students should be able to

- a. understand basic concepts in biomolecules and cell biology.
- b. know how molecular biology can explain the transmission of geneticinformation.
- c. correlate molecular biology concepts with genetic and phenotypic traits.

## **Topics**

The topics include Introduction to Biomolecules; Basic Cell Biology; DNA and Chromatin Structure; DNA Replication, Repair and Recombination; Control of Gene Expression; Methods in Molecular Biology; Genomic Applications in Biomedical Research; Molecular Genetics of Mendelian Diseases; Molecular Genetics of Complex Diseases; Population Genetics; Evolutionary Genetics.

#### **Assessment scheme**

The assessment scheme includes assignments (30%), midterm examination (30%) and final examination (40%).

## **GNBF5030 Bio-computing and Statistics**

### **Course description**

This course covers several computational technologies in bioinformatics. First, students learn the fundamentals of Linux shell and how to accustom themselves to the Linux computing environment for routine bioinformatics tasks. Students then learn to run and install bioinformatics tools from the command line. In the second half of this course, students learn the basic statistical methods for bioinformatics, and how to explore, visualize, and analyze biological data using R and R packages. Hands-on practice is provided throughout the whole course, whereas a comprehensive genomics project enhances students' learning of this course.

### **Learning outcomes**

After finishing this course, students should be able

- a. To accustom themselves to the Linux computing environment
- b. To acquire the usage of common bioinformatics tools
- c. To explore, visualize, and analyze biological data using R
- d. To employ common statistical methods for bioinformatics problems using R

#### **Topics**

The topics include Introduction to Linux computational environment; Linux shell commands; Common bioinformatics tools (I); Common bioinformatics tools (II); Common bioinformatics tools (IV); Introduction to programming with R; Data exploration and visualization using R, (I); Data exploration and visualization using R, (II); Statistical methods for bioinformatics (II); Statistical methods for bioinformatics (III).

### **Assessment scheme**

The assessment scheme includes assignments (30%) and project (10%) and final examination (60%).

## **GNBF5040 Genomics: Basic Concepts and Applications**

### **Course description**

This course introduces the basic concepts of genomics. It covers the structure and organization of human genome, and the strategies that are used to map, sequence, and analyze the genomes. Students can learn how to connect genomic data and the relevant biological questions. They also learn how the genomic information can facilitate the discoveries in drug discovery, disease diagnosis, and the personalized medicine. The course also teaches the basic skills in developing bioinformatics data analysis pipelines and utilizing these pipelines to process the real experimental data in workshops.

#### **Learning outcomes**

After finishing this course, students should be able to

- a. acquire the basic concept of genomics
- b. learn the principle, strategies and limitations of genomic technology
- c. apply genomics to solve biological and biomedical questions
- d. gain the hands-on experience on bioinformatics data analysis pipelines

## **Topics**

The topics include Introduction to genomics; An overview of large-scale genomic projects; Genomic sequencing and data analysis; Genome assembly: a key step towards comprehensive genomic maps; Workshop I (working pipeline for de novo genome assembly) (Assignment 1); Functional annotation of genomes: genetic variations; Functional annotation of genomes: transcriptional regulation; Functional annotation of genomes: epigenetics and epigenomes; Functional annotation of genomes: transcriptome analysis; Functional annotation of genomes: single-cell sequencing; Medical genomics (Assignment 2); Workshop II (working pipeline for ChIP-seq data analysis)

#### **Assessment scheme**

The assessment scheme includes assignments (40%) and final examination (60%).

## **GNBF5050** Theories and Algorithms in Bioinformatics

#### **Course description**

This course introduces the basic concepts underlying the theoretical basis of common bioinformatics algorithms. It covers the topics of sequence alignment, phylogeny, motif finding, assembly, metagenomics, and artificial intelligence. Students learn these topics by attending lectures, classroom activities, and getting hands-on experience through assignments.

#### **Learning outcomes**

After finishing this course, students should be able to

- a. Describe the related biological problems in mathematical terms such that they can be solved by algorithms.
- b. Appreciate the computational ideas underlying common bioinformatics algorithms and get familiar with the corresponding software to solve the problems.

- c. List and explain the strengths and weaknesses of existing algorithms and interpret their results appropriately.
- d. Develop the ability to read and understand scientific publications on bioinformatics in depth.

## **Topics**

The topics include Sequence Alignment and searching (Theory); Sequence Alignment and searching (Application & Practice); Molecular phylogenetics (Theory); Molecular phylogenetics (Application & Practice); Motif finding and hidden Markov model (Theory); Motif finding and hidden Markov model (Application & Practice) Part I; Motif finding and hidden Markov model (Application & Practice) Part II; Mapping of next-generation sequencing data (Theory & Application); Assembly of next-generation sequencing data (Theory & Application); Metagenomics (Theory & Practice); Artificial intelligence in Bioinformatics (Introduction & Practice); Student presentations.

#### <u>Assessment scheme</u>

The assessment scheme includes in-class exercise (5%), assignments (35%), midterm examination (20%) and final examination (40%).

## **GNBF5060 Systems Biology**

#### **Course description**

This course introduces how systems biology combines molecular biology and genomics with physical chemistry and mathematical modeling to analyze and model biological systems. Students will learn a broad range of modeling methods relevant to systems and computational biology and apply them in several practical biological networks such as transcriptional regulatory networks, cell signaling networks, and metabolic networks.

### **Learning outcomes**

After finishing this course, students should be able to

- a. explain the importance of studying biological systems as a whole.
- b. illustrate common methods of modeling biological systems.
- c. simulate system dynamics that respond to input signals.
- d. describe the roles and behavior of regulatory network motifs.
- e. calculate biological network properties using graph theory.
- f. reconstruct regulatory networks using high-throughput data.
- g. apply appropriate methods to model and analyze specific biological systems.

## **Topics**

The topics include Introduction to Systems Biology; Modeling Biological Systems; Gene regulatory and transcriptional networks; Protein-protein interaction networks; Knowledge management in systems biology; Multi-omics integration for systems biology; Systems Biology of Cancer; Systems Biology in Complex Disorders; Emerging topics and future directions in Systems Biology; Current topics in clinical genetics and genomics; Daily operation of bioinformatics platform in HKGI; In-house bioinformatics methods developed in HKGI

### **Assessment scheme**

The assessment scheme includes assignments (40%) and final examination (60%).

## **GNBF5070 Genome Informatics**

### **Course description**

This course provides a comprehensive introduction to the field of genome informatics. Students will gain knowledge about various aspects of genomics studies, including reference genome studies, population genomic studies, and applications of genomics. The course covers both the fundamental concepts and the latest advancements in each of these categories. In addition to theoretical lectures, students will have the opportunity to engage in hands-on practice using relevant tools. This practical experience will enhance their understanding of genomics and bioinformatics, allowing them to apply their knowledge effectively.

#### **Learning outcomes**

Upon completion of this course, students will have achieved the following learning outcomes,

- a. Understand the fundamental principles and pipelines involved in sequencing and genomic studies.
- b. Stay updated with the latest advancements and progress in the field of genomic studies.
- c. Acquire the skills to analyze second-generation sequencing data.
- d. Gain proficiency in utilizing and applying various bioinformatics tools.
- e. Develop the ability to independently conduct a genomic study.

### **Topics**

The topics include Overview of genome informatics; Sequencing to provide genome information; Genome assembly to construct reference genomes; Reference genome based studies; Hands-on study on reference genome assembly; Resequencing to identify genomic variations; Genomic variation based studies; Transcrtiptome studies; Hands-on study on resequencing analysis; Using genome sequencing as a tool for other research; Using genome sequencing as a tool for applications; Summary of genome informatics.

### **Assessment scheme**

The assessment scheme includes assignments (45%) and final examination (55%).

## **GNBF6010 Research Project**

### **Course description**

Students are required to conduct a research project on a current topic in genomics and bioinformatics under the supervisors in the Chinese University of Hong Kong. This course will give students an insight into how research is carried out in the fields of bioinformatics and omics analysis with selected research techniques and data analysis approaches. It will give

students the opportunity to develop and enhance their analytical and organizational skills through hands-on research and the opportunity to develop their ability to work independently. This course will also provide practice in the writing of project reports and the presentation of scientific findings.

## **Topics**

Students are required to conduct a research project on a current topic in genomics and bioinformatics under the supervisors in the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Although there will be no lectures, students are expected to meet with supervisors and complete their research projects according to supervisors' suggestions and give out 15-minute oral presentation in the end of April and submit a research proposal and a final report in the beginning and the end of the Term 2 respectively.

# Assessment scheme

The assessment scheme includes research performance (25%), proposal (15%), oral presentation (25%) and final report (35%).